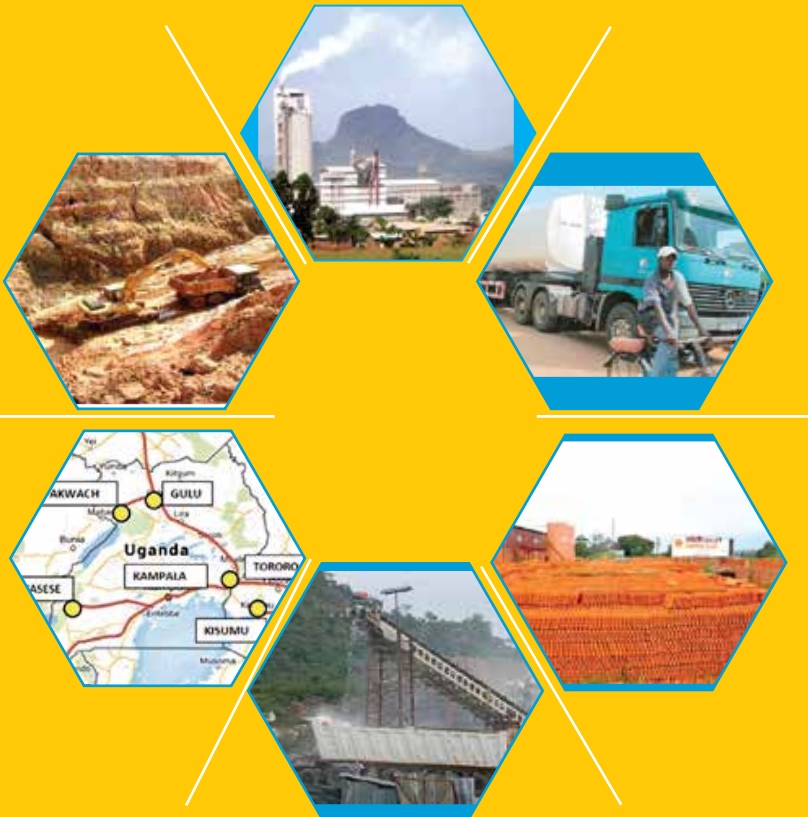
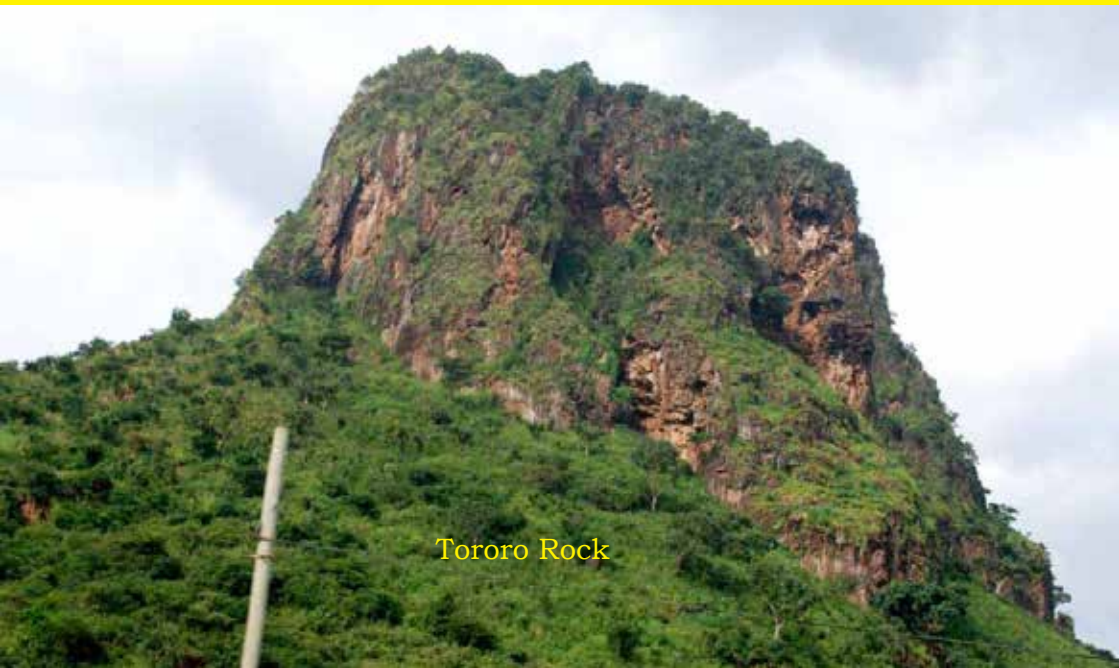


# BUKEDI INVESTMENT PROFILE 2017





*Map of Uganda showing the Bukedea Region.*



Tororo Rock

## Background Information

Located in the eastern part of Uganda, this area is a low lying stretch at the foot of Mount Elgon running from the shores of Lake Victoria to the southern shoreline of Lake Kyoga and includes the districts of Tororo, Busia, Budaka, Kibuku, Butaleja and Pallisa. It is located between 340 18'E 10 11'N and 330 23'E and 10 20'N and comprises of land area of about 845.5 Sq. Km which is interrupted with wetlands. Major soils are characterized as sandy clayloams. The region experiences a bi-modal rainfall pattern with maximum peaks during May and October while annual rainfall ranges between 1130 mm and 1720 mm. Minimum and maximum temperature ranges between 16.2 and 28.7 degrees Celsius respectively.

Majority of the population (91 percent) are predominantly subsistence farmers growing mainly cassava, millet, rice,

sweet potatoes, maize and beans for food crops and Robusta coffee and sugar cane as cash crops. The main livestock kept in the region include cattle, goats, sheep and poultry. Fishing activities along the lake shores and river banks is also another income generating activity. Other economic activities include sale of labor, cross border trading, and internal trade within gazetted markets, and during market days.

The region has one of the best infrastructure developments in the country with well-connected roads such as the two main gateways to the Kenyan port of Mombasa (Mombasa - Malaba - Kampala road or Mombasa - Kisumu - Busia - Kampala road). This is combined with the fact that Government is setting up one-stop terminals at the Malaba and Busia border crossing points to curb delays in goods clearance. The Tororo-Soroti road has also



### ***Doho Rice irrigation Scheme***

become a major exit route to Northern Uganda connecting the Northern corridor onto South Sudan. A new Musita–Busia road project is under construction to create an alternative route to Kampala. The Tirinyi highway through Budaka and Kibuku is a vital lifeline for the people of Bukedi and Eastern Uganda at large. Efforts are underway to tarmac the Tirinyi- Pallisa-Kumi road so as alleviate the current transport hiccups to ease travel in Pallisa and Kibuku districts.

Equally important is the fact that Tororo is going to be the

hub of the Standard Gauge Railway where the Eastern and Northern routes from Kenya will be diverted. The Eastern Route will run from Tororo to Kampala through, Iganga, Jinja. (261km). The Northern Route will start from Tororo through Gulu to Nimule (476km) with a spur to Pakwach (117km). Coupled with this is the expected development of offshoot industries and services which will project the Bukedi region in the right direction to boost employment and incomes of the locals within the area leading to economic development of the area and the country at large.

## Main Economic activities

### Agriculture

Bukedi region is an agricultural food basket with the main crops grown including; millet, cassava, peas, beans, sweet potatoes, simsim, sun-flower, cotton, onions, rice and maize. Cassava and rice are the priority crops for the dry and wet areas with in the region. In addition there is also significant level of livestock farming in the area with cattle, goats, pigs and poultry as the leading livestock species kept in the region.

Irrigation is mostly done in rice paddies with water diversions to the rice fields. Off rice paddies, irrigation is confined to what the community considers “High Value, Short term Crops” like onions, tomatoes, carrots, egg plants and cabbages. Hence there is great potential for investment in irrigation farming in this area.

The region is also synonymous with cotton growing and ginning although there are few farmers engaged in robusta coffee farming in the area.



*An aerial view of a section of Malaba, Malaba to be a 24 hour business hub*



## Tourism

Local and foreign visitors are common at tourism sites in the region like Tororo rock located in Tororo town. In Busia, scenic shoreline views of Lake Victoria attract visitors, especially to the Majanji neighborhood. Hotel facilities, such as Country Resort in Pallisa, Sangalo Beach plus Rand Hotel in Busia and Rock Classic in Tororo are available to cater for the tourists.

## Mining

According to records at the Uganda Chamber of Minerals and Petroleum, the region has

diverse minerals which present a potential for mining. There are proven deposits of gold at Tira and Amonikakine in Busia district. Sukulu in Tororo district has magnetic iron ore occurs in residual soils with phosphate resource of 45 million tonnes. Records show that the Sukulu phosphatite deposit is potentially the most important source of Niobium in Uganda. This is coupled with the fact that there are deposits of undeveloped Titanium in the region, with the Sukulu area being explored for Rare Earth Elements to gauge their potential for commercial exploitation.



## Manufacturing

Given the diverse resources in the region such as minerals, crops and livestock the manufacturing sector has also been vibrant in a bid to add value to the raw materials. Industries such as Tororo cement, Uganda Clays at Kamonkoli in Budaka have sprung up to offer manufacturing opportunities in the region.

## Trade related activities

Bukedi strides on the border of Uganda and Kenya, this location offers numerous cross border trade opportunities for the business community in all aspects. For example many farmers usually sell off their produce across the border to access the lucrative market. Common merchandise include; Rice, fish, beans, coffee, bananas and meat products which are exchanged for goods like shoes, wheat flour, salt, soap and so on. These are coupled with the internal trade within the region.





*Lorries wait to be loaded with cement at Tororo factory*



## General Investment opportunities

Commercial agriculture with special focus on cotton farming especially in the zoned districts of Pallisa, Tororo and Busia. Viable opportunities do exist in rice farming given the fact that the region is home to the Doho irrigation rice scheme which has been rehabilitated by the government to propel paddy rice farming. Bukedi region has potential investment opportunities in citrus farming with investors interested in improved varieties, setting up nurseries and farms on a commercial basis. Fruits of interest include: Mangoes,

Oranges, Pineapples and such other citrus fruits.

Agro-processing to stimulate and support sustainable value addition along the entire value chains of rice, cotton, cassava, citrus fruits and so on, which will in turn create jobs and wealth for Ugandans. Opportunities to enable technology transfer, product up-gradation and diversification through ginning and scouring of textiles (knitted garments, carpets, fabrics) and wearable apparels through innovation leading to an increase in exports and economic



growth for the country do exist. Furthermore, it is to improve the capacity of the production, marketing and competitiveness of the players across the entire value chains mentioned above.

Agri-business opportunities in value addition through set up of rice processors in the region with a view of not only satisfying the local market but also aiming at exporting to the EAC. The need for a better variety of rice such as the better yielding pure varieties of K5 and K85 offers opportunities to investors in rice seed multiplication. In essence there are investment opportunities in the whole rice value chain from the garden to the end consumer.

Services such as Education with emphasis on vocational training, health care so as to improve the lives and capacities of the locals who are the intended beneficiaries of the investments. Skilling of people with the thought after capabilities so that when investments are set up jobs are not taken by people from outside regions.

Manufacturing especially agro processing given the fact that the area is mainly an agricultural area. Adding value to cotton, simsim, millet, ground nuts, mangoes, oranges and other such essential food crops is worthy investing in with the region. Equally the livestock industry has a promise with in the region



*Electromaxx Power station*

with the beef industry showing many opportunities. The poultry value chain is also a nascent industry with promises of good returns if one tries out the breeding, feeding or even marketing nodes in that value chain.

The region is home to the Bagwere, Banyoli, Basamia, Japadhola, Itesots and other tribes. These have unique cultural heritages with significant practices, dances, dishes and sites with a great potential of tourism. This coupled with the scenic establishments like the Tororo rock and similar sites presents the area with a clear investment opportunity. What investors should look at is the clear deficit of accommodation and leisure facilities in the area with few hotels, restaurants, motels, camping sites or even lodges in the area. This makes the region with its projected high value infrastructure developments to be undertaken a potential tourism venture.

## Specific District Profiles

### Location

The district is bordered by Pallisa District to the north, Mbale District to the east, Butaleja District to the south, and Kibuku District to the west. The town of Budaka is approximately 36 kilometres by road, west of Mbale, the largest city in the sub-region. The district consists of Budaka County and Iki-Iki County.

### Population

Sub county	Males	Females	Total
Budaka	5,339	5,735	11,074
Budaka Town Council	11,358	12,453	23,809
Iki-iki	8,936	9,669	18,605
Kachomo	7,025	7,481	14,506

Kaderuna	8,170	8,847	17,017
Kakule	6,043	6,409	12,452
Kameruka	7,311	7,596	14,907
Kamonkoli	12,062	12,702	24,764
Katiira	7,877	8,317	16,194
Lyama	9,443	9,745	19,188
Mugiti	5,638	5,855	11,493
Naboa	6,681	7,264	13,945
Nansanga	4,739	4,904	9,643
<b>Total</b>	<b>100,620</b>	<b>106,977</b>	<b>207,597</b>

*Source: UBOS, 2014 National Population and Housing Census.*

## Investment Opportunities

Trade and Market linkages for bulk selling and buying in Budaka Town Council, Iki-Iki and Naboa areas. These places have secured land for the construction of ultramodern markets and well served with utilities like power and water (Kamonkoli). The above coupled with the strategic location of Budaka along the Iganga – Tirinyi highway makes the district an ideal area for produce buyers and agro processors to access the Bukedi hinterland.

Clay mining, sand mining and stone quarrying for commercial services is also another opportunity for investors. The district is already home to Uganda Clays factory which

manufactures building ceramics and tiles. The District is budding with many building projects and the infrastructure developments in the region such as the SGR and upcoming factories around the project will be consumers of these building materials.

Agro-processing in Budaka Town Council, Iki-Iki, Kamonkoli and Budaka sub-county which are connected to the national electricity grid and are located around the highway. These factories could thrive on the agricultural robustness of the neighboring districts such as Pallisa (cassava), Butaleja (rice) and Kibuku (cotton).



## Busia

### Location

Busia District is located in the south-eastern part of the Republic of Uganda, north of Lake Victoria and west of the Republic of Kenya. It is approximately 196km from Kampala the capital city of the Republic of Uganda. The District covers a total area of 743 sq. km. The District is well served in terms of transport and communication network with the major towns of the Country.

### Population

Sub County	Male	Female	Total
Eastern Div.	14,702	17,233	31,935
Western Div.	10,772	12,091	22,863
Buhehe	9,608	10,300	19,908
Bulumbi	7,389	7,902	15,291
Busime	8,981	9,593	18,574
Busitema	8,570	8,770	17,340
Buteba	13,366	14,174	27,540
Buyanga	9,170	9,189	18,359
Dabani	14,261	14,881	29,142
Lumino	7,084	7,630	14,714
Lunyo	7,229	7,746	14,975
Majanji	5,175	5,690	10,865
Masaba	11,358	12,020	23,378
Masafu	9,876	10,277	20,153
Masinya	9,713	10,284	19,997
Sikuda	9,193	9,435	18,628
<b>Total</b>	<b>156,447</b>	<b>167,215</b>	<b>323,662</b>

Source: UBOS, 2014 National Population and Housing Census

## **Investment Opportunities**

There is potential for commercial Forestry through collaborative forestry management i.e. restocking of forestry cover in west Bugwe forest reserve, planting of trees along fragile ecosystems such as hilltops of Busitema, Buteba and Bulumbi.

Agro processing Industry/ Value addition such as milling, tannery, fruit and vegetable processing and fish processing. This investment could target the neighboring Kenya market to which apparently most agricultural products are taken in raw form.

Busia is a border District with high potential for the tourism industry especially hotels for travellers, students, tourists, meetings and ceremonies. The District has a number of physical features conducive for tourism such as Buteba Rocks, Busitema Hills, West Bugwe Forest Reserve rich in Flora and Fauna such as Olive Baboons, variety of bird species, butterflies and other smaller primates and nocturnal cats. Sand Beaches along L. Victoria are conducive for Hotels / Resorts, water games etc. The District has

historical sites/ antiquities such as Bishop Hannington Site in Budimo and the Buteba rocks.

The district has a rich potential for investment in the mining industry. There is already Gold exploration and Mining in Busitema and Lunyo sub counties and more licenses are yet to be given out. There is also on going Tin exploration and Mining in Lunyo. Coupled with this is Stone and sand Quarrying in Busitema and Buteba which can be explored and exploited for commercial value.

## **Butaleja**

### **Location**

Butaleja District is bordered by Budaka District to the north, Mbale District to the east, Tororo District to the southeast, Bugiri District to the south and Namutumba District to the west. The district headquarters at Butaleja, are located approximately 38 kilometres, by road, southwest of Mbale, the nearest large city. Butaleja has Total area of 644 square kilometers of which 208 is a wet land.

## Population

Sub County	Male	Female	Total
Budumba	11,248	11,761	23,009
Busaba	12,137	12,565	24,702
Busabi	8,851	9,409	18,260
Busolwe	7,210	7,638	14,848
Busolwe T/C	6,485	7,155	13,640
Butaleja	7,838	8,008	15,846
Butaleja T/C	9,680	9,881	19,561
Himutu	7,233	7,491	14,724
Kachonga	12,343	12,997	25,340
Mazimasa	16,119	16,776	32,895
Nawanjofu	9,627	9,994	19,621
Naweyo	10,695	11,012	21,707
<b>Total</b>	<b>119,466</b>	<b>124,687</b>	<b>244,153</b>

Source: UBOS, 2014 National Population and Housing Censuses

## Investment Opportunities

In Butaleja the major activity is agriculture and the main crop is rice, so any investor looking for opportunities in the district should focus on the rice value chain. The district is home to Doho rice scheme, one of the biggest irrigation schemes in the country. Opportunities range from agro processing of the crop, with a view of improving on the quality produced. This means processing for both domestic

consumption and export to Kenya and other regional markets.

Beyond the field, the need to bring inputs close to farmers with a view to boost production to meet the needs of the processors is a worthwhile investment opportunity. Investors to extend inputs such spraying chemicals, fertilizers and equipment through locally manufacturing in the district will get a viable market.

Butaleja has a functional cotton ginnery, evidence that there is

potential for cotton farming in the area. With the diverse lands available, the district comes with an opportunity to venture into commercial cotton farming. This also may provide opportunities along the whole cotton value chain if a neat feasibility is done in the area.

The district lies is a low land and there exists a number of rivers such as Manafwa, Mpologoma, Namatala and others that have their water flow throughout the year. These provide opportunities ranging from commercial fish farming for SME investors to the capital intensive investments like hydro power generation and

associated industries.

## **Kibuku**

### **Location**

Kibuku District is bordered by Pallisa District to the north, Budaka District to the east, Kaliro District to the west, and Namutumba District to the south west. The district is located approximately 53 kilometers, by road, west of Mbale, the largest city in the sub-region. It covers a total area of about 336 sq. kilometers of which land area is 301 sq. km.

### **Population**

<b>Sub county</b>	<b>Male</b>	<b>Female</b>	<b>Total</b>
Bulangira	11,741	12,428	24,169
Buseta	8,035	8,656	16,691
Kabweri	7,282	8,056	15,338
Kadama	9,554	10,420	19,974
Kagumu	13,247	14,195	27,442
Kasasira	10,887	11,522	22,409
Kibuku	6,118	6,412	12,530
Kibuku T/C	4,052	4,455	8,507
Kirika	11,380	12,162	23,542
Tirinyi	15,180	16,251	31,431
<b>Total</b>	<b>97,476</b>	<b>104,557</b>	<b>202,033</b>

Source: UBOS, 2014 National Population and Housing Census



## **Investment Opportunities**

Kibuku District's strategic location in the along the Iganga – Tirinyi – Mbale highway makes it an ideal location for investors willing to invest in tertiary education especially in vocational studies. The District neighbors a number of other districts where there are no institutions of higher learning. Investors eyeing education in health sciences like nursing and medicines, ICT and other vocational studies should seek venturing into the area with a focus of attracting clientele from the Bukedi region and the neighboring Busoga, Bugisu, Teso and other areas in the greater Eastern Uganda. This is because the Kibuku is well connected to all the mentioned areas and well serviced with amenities like electricity and water with a good supply of building materials from the Uganda Clays factory in the neighboring Budaka district.

With the district lying on the sprawling Mpologoma River with its diverse papyrus cover, investors willing to invest in the crafts industry and the associated value chains can set up location in the district. This can lead to a spiral of other investments in the areas of tourism.

Another area worthy investing in is commercial afforestation especially around the banks of Mpologoma River and the nearby forests. The investors in this venture will be targeting commercial lumbering to build a sustainable timber industry. This will boost the development of Kibuku's forest cover since the district is facing massive deforestation. In the long run other investments like ecotourism may develop around the new forests.

## **Pallisa**

### **Location**

Pallisa District is bordered to the north by (from west to east): Serere District, Ngora District, Kumi District and Bukedea District. Mbale District lies to the east. Budaka District lies to the southeast, Kibuku District to the southwest and Kaliro District to the west. Pallisa is located approximately 65 kilometres by road, west of Mbale, the largest city in

the sub-region. Pallisa District covers a total area of 1.095 Sq. km, with the water bodies' covering 403Sq. km. The distance from Kampala is 196 km.

## Population

Sub County	Male	Female	Total
Agule	8,775	9,357	18,132
Akisim	6,460	6,595	13,055
Apopong	12,925	13,328	26,253
Butebo	14,335	15,058	29,393
Chelekura	5,570	6,168	11,738
Gogonyo	14,808	15,598	30,406
Kabwangasi	13,766	14,786	28,552
Kakoro	8,349	8,956	17,305
Kameke	8,497	8,823	17,320
Kamuge	10,494	11,089	21,583
Kanginima	4,771	5,116	9,887
Kasodo	6,912	7,421	14,333
Kibale	7,969	8,441	16,410
Olok	7,976	8,297	16,273
Opwateta	8,203	8,596	16,799
Pallisa	7,654	7,746	15,400
Pallisa T/C	15,801	17,337	33,138
Petete	12,959	13,666	26,625
Puti-Puti	11,900	12,387	24,287
<b>Total</b>	<b>188,125</b>	<b>198,765</b>	<b>386,890</b>

Source: UBOS, 2014 National Population and Housing Census.

## Investment opportunities

Pallisa District is prominent in agricultural production with crops such as ground nuts, rice, millet, cassava and maize always having a bumper harvest. These crops are always sold in raw form or semi processed thus attracting low prices. Investors willing to engage in agro processing of

these commodities will be assured of a good return on investment. Equally worthwhile is investment into warehouses where buyers can store their produce under a receipt system.

Coupled with the above is the establishment of a livestock feeds investment. This is due to the fact that there are plenty of raw materials in form of rice husks, ground nut shells, maize stalks, combs and residue for preparation of cattle, chicken and fish feed.

Pallisa has a good investment opportunity for seed multiplication especially with the tubers such as cassava and sweet potatoes. There is equally a good opportunity multiplication of grafted high yielding citrus seedlings to supply to farmers with a view of increasing production of fruits to supply to the nearby Soroti fruit factory.

Opportunities exist along the fishing value chain (especially breeding) given the high number of fish ponds scattered around the district. There are feasibility studies being undertaken to see the viability of commercial fish

farming in the district with a view of putting in place a processing plant.

Another promising area for investment is in ice processing plant or coolers to sustain the fish industry, beef and the sprawling dairy industries. The livestock numbers in the district are quite impressive in that there are abattoirs which supply meat to the neighboring districts and these also could do with the supply of ice or coolers to sustain their supply chains.

With its agricultural strength, Pallisa district can accommodate an investor who starts an agricultural college with a view of training practitioners and farmers in best practices. This can be modeled around the experiences of the District Farm Institutes for practical learning and excursions from the Bukedi region and the country at large. Focus of the institute should hinge around improving varieties, value addition and technology transfer for better agricultural production.

## Tororo

### Location

Tororo District is located in Eastern Uganda. It borders with the Republic of Kenya to the East, Bugiri District to the West, Pallisa and Butaleja to north and Busia to the south. It has a total area of 1175 sq.km. Tororo District

Local Government has two rural counties which include West Budama and Tororo Counties and 15 rural sub-counties and one in town. The Municipality, which forms the third County, has two divisions' i.e. Western Division and Eastern Division. It's approximately 230 kilometres, east of Kampala.

### Population

Sub county	Males	Females	Total
Kwapa	9,755	10,405	20,160
Malaba T/C	8,586	9,382	17,968
Mella	9,239	10,022	19,261
Merikit	12,367	13,402	25,769
Molo	9,008	9,795	18,803
Mukuju	18,480	19,729	38,209
Osukuru	22,780	23,104	45,884
Iyolwa	9,762	10,533	20,295
Kirewa	13,705	14,408	28,113
Kisoko	9,274	9,740	19,014
Magola	8,633	9,191	17,824
Mulanda	18,863	19,935	38,798
Nabuyoga	15,086	15,840	30,926
Nagongera	12,440	13,082	25,522
Nagongera T/C	5,992	6,349	12,341
Paya	14,617	14,870	29,487
Petta	7,633	8,158	15,791
Rubongi	17,810	18,717	36,527
Sop-Sop	6,948	7,424	14,372
Eastern Division	9,048	10,026	19,074
Western Division	10,804	12,138	22,942
<b>Total</b>	<b>250,830</b>	<b>266,250</b>	<b>517,080</b>

Source: UBOS, 2014 National Population and Housing Census



## Investment opportunities

Tororo produces variety of agricultural products (crop and animals) which include the following; Rice, millet, maize cassava and animal products such as eggs, chicken milk, pork, beef and hides from cattle,. The possible investment areas in these sectors are; Agro processing facilities, manufacture of agricultural inputs such as fertilizers herbicides, milk and meat cooling plants and development of hatcheries.

Tororo is endowed with huge mineral deposits which include phosphate, iron ore deposits, zinc, limestone, and clays in most isolated areas for brick making. Limestone is currently being mined by Tororo cement industry for cement manufacture. Phosphate mining is to be undertaken by a Chinese firm known as Dong Zong Guangzhou. Other investment areas are possible in minerals existing, but not yet exploited.

Tororo district has got a vibrant environment for the establishment of good educational institutions ranging from nursery

to university including technical and vocational institutions to promote good quality education and development of skills. Human labour to run these institutions can be obtained from within the district and outside. There is already established infrastructure e.g. power supply, water and roads to support the establishment of these institutions.

Tororo district is equally very attractive for investment in the health sector to provide good quality health services. The technocrats to run the relevant field can be drawn from within and outside Tororo. The regulatory authority under this sector is ministry of health.

Investment opportunities exist in the area of manufacturing since Tororo is endowed with a number of minerals which include; limestone, phosphate, iron, zinc and tin. It also produces a number of agricultural products which include maize, cotton, rice, millet sweet potatoes, cassava, onions, and tomatoes among others. A number of manufacturing industries can be set up to make use of these mineral and agricultural products.

## Challenges to investing in the Bukedi region

High cost of financing investments: Like elsewhere in the country, the interest rates from commercial banks are very high to the willing investors. This deters investors in the high capital ventures like mining which are synonymous with the region. However, government is trying to recapitalize the Uganda Development Bank to finance such long term development projects. This means that all hope is not lost for the region to have investments in these areas.

Bukedi region is a predominantly agricultural area which usually gets bumper harvests especially from rice, maize, groundnuts, cassava and other crops. But the districts do have inadequate storage facilities for these crops on harvest which means there is a loss at farm gate. Where the harvest makes it to the market, it does not attract good prices as farmers have no choice but to rid themselves of the crops. There are numerous interventions to address this challenge with the government through the Ministry of Trade revitalizing the cooperatives with a



view of putting in place silos at cooperative level and also propel agro processing at regional level. But also there are efforts to train farmers to add value to their crops instead of selling them in raw form to ensure they get better prices.

Research shows that the region has inadequate skills and knowledge about investment for example in the ICT sector. The region could do well with investments in this area since it's a good source of youth employment. Investments in ICT will support other sectors such as agriculture marketing, trade related services etc. But the lack of skills also spirals to the traditional sectors such as agriculture where for instance the levels of investments in the rice industry in Butaleja district are still at a low level.

There is inadequate infrastructure as a fundamental requirement for service delivery i.e. administrative, health, education and road infrastructure. This is common

in all the districts of the area. For example there is no tarmac road in Butaleja district yet the area has issues with floods during the rainy season. The region has few vocational institutes and ICT training centers are not that many. Training institutes such as farm institutes with a view of improving the agriculture in the area will be an ideal intervention.

There is low urbanization rate in the region in comparison to other areas in the country. This is a limiting factor when it comes to the promotion of the tourism sector. Many districts in the region do not have comfortable hotels, motels, restaurants and other entertainment centers. There is visible lack of support services like banks, internet cafes, cinema halls and even shopping malls to make the region worthwhile investing in tourism.

## Annex 1: Key Contacts

### Budaka

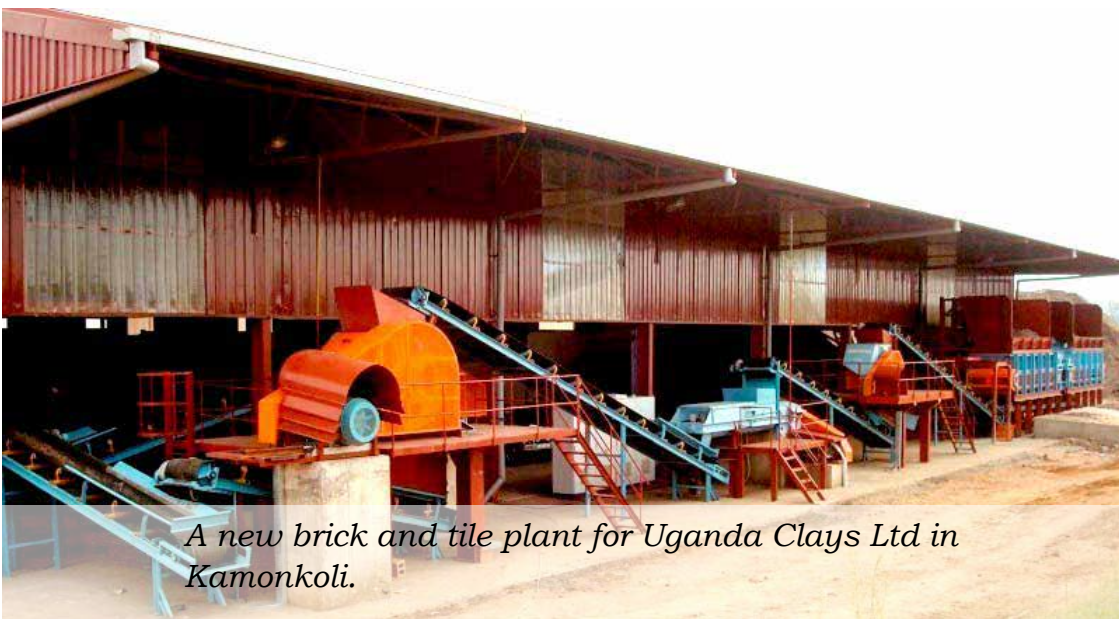
No.	Name	Position	Contact
	Mulomi Samuel	LCV Chairman	0772525326
	Adongo Roseline Luhoni	CAO	0772370348
	Anthony Mwanika	DCO	0772854978
	Kabise Shaban	D/Planner	0772592769
	Nanfuna Irene	SLMO	0772579686
	Magololo Amos	Education	0772327244
	Goire Moses	ICT	0774574055
	Gundi Faluku	Agro Processing	0759700170
	Eng. Johnson Mwede	Communications	0772494329
	Kyodri Muhammed	Manufacturing	0773407975

### Busia

No.	Name	Position	Contact
	Oguttu Boniface Paul	LCV Chairman	0776589739
	Iriama Walter	CAO	0772589937
	Kyaligonza Peter	DCO	0772555280
	Wabwire Patrick	District Planner	0772510935
	Nzimuti Patrick	SLMO	0774647447
	Malomba Godfrey	UNCCI	0772491199
	Obura Justus	Clearing and For- wading	0772453521
	Adome Phillip	Farmers Rep.	0779464858
	Rose Oundo	Traders Rep.	0776454552
	Sylvia Mapesa	Tourism	0700754182
	Godfrey Kateeba	Mun. Town Clerk	0772496926
	Opio Hassan	Mun. Mayor	0772695561
	Emong James	Mun. Commercial Officer	0772392248



*Lorries wait to be loaded with limestone at the Kavee Quarry crushing site in Ortum*



*A new brick and tile plant for Uganda Clays Ltd in Kamonkoli.*



	Bwire Joseph	Education	0702487345
	Martin okiria	Pharmacy	0774567346

## Butaleja

No.	Name	Position	Contact
	Waya Richard	LCV Chairman	0772453837
	Ekachela Sam	CAO	0774330564
	Annet Namugangu	DCO	0772992997
	Taata Samson	D/Planner	0774819671
	Kagoya Lydia	SLMO	0704691934
	Pabire Jackson	Processor	0752464410
	Hajji Ahmed Naleba	Agriculture	0705103102
	Sarah Guloba	Handcrafts	0773320020
	Peter Malingha	Mining	0783245678
	Prof. Kabasa John	Exporter	0772451672

## Kibuku

No.	Name	Position	Contact
	Jeera Charles	LCV Chairman	0782965979
	Opolot Phillip Gonzaga	CAO	0756404838
	Mwiraguzu Stephen	DCO	0774914118
	Kirya Paul	D/Planner	0756801750
	Katooko Beatrice	Lands	0774372662
	Mugulusi Bernard	Member	0776855648
	Wakida Abdu	Member	0773221760
	Kitaita Boniface	Member	0784565146
	Oweera Samson	Member	0758236401
	Gerald Wabudeya	Member	0784914218



## Pallisa

No.	Name	Position	Contact
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	Shaine Nelson	CAO	0772836454
	Ingurat Christine Harriet	DCO	0750000331
	Mukesi Robert	D/Planner	0782981665
	Emuron Wilson	SLMO	0703728434
	Okello John	Rice Processor	0787486187
	Emily Akol Omoding	Health Services	0772680223
	Amulen Esther	Production	0778062108
	Olinga Francis	Schools	0777151410
	Opedun Vincent	Member	0782556836

## Tororo

No.	Name	Position	Contact
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	Sande Kyomya Christopher	CAO	0772479462
	Etyang George Emukule	DCO	0772634735
	Fuorr Euphrasius	SLMO	0782848070
	Owino Felix	D/Planner	0787727627
	Bharat M. Gagrani	Manufacturing	0772732583
	Susan Adikin	Tourism	0700598828
	Olaboro Centurion	Education	0772843900
	John Eugene Angiro	Agro Processing	0772456807
	Emanu Georwell	Fish Farmer	0703816141
	Joseph Sebudde	Mun. Town Clerk	0783546372
	Geoffrey Emokol Opuu	Mayor	0700437465
	Phillip Ogolla	Millers	0785431756
	Odeke Fred Paul	Transporters	0772645322
	Benjamin Ochieng	Agriculture	0705364571

## Annex 2: Team Uganda Contacts

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### Uganda Revenue Authority

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### Uganda Wildlife Authority

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### Directorate of Citizenship and Immigration Control

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### Uganda National Bureau of Standards

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### Bank of Uganda

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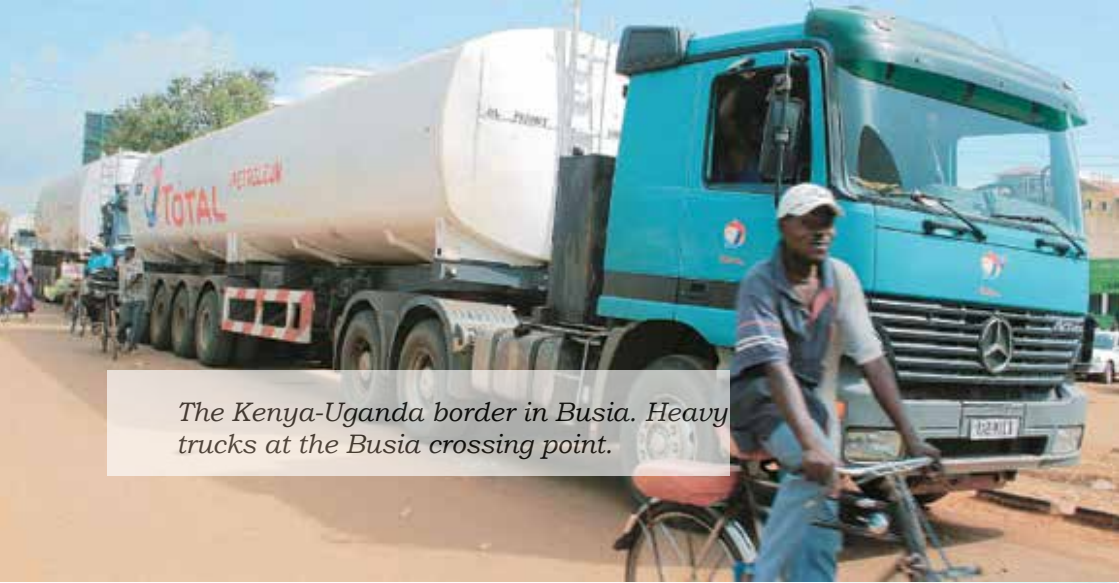
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*The Kenya-Uganda border in Busia. Heavy trucks at the Busia crossing point.*



*some of the production and processing*





*The Tororo Cement Industries factory (foreground)  
with the distinctive Tororo Rock in the background*



*Uganda Clays Limited, Kamonkoli Factory*





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